

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT
Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(D)
of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of report (Date of earliest event reported): January 23, 2024

Leap Therapeutics, Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware
(State or other jurisdiction
of incorporation)

47 Thorndike Street, Suite B1-1
Cambridge, MA
(Address of principal executive offices)

001-37990
(Commission
File Number)

27-4412575
(IRS Employer
Identification No.)

02141
(Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (617) 714-0360

N/A
(Former name or former address, if changed since last report)

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions:

- Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425).
- Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12).
- Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b)).
- Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c)).

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common Stock, par value \$0.001	LPTX	Nasdaq Capital Market

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an emerging growth company as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933 (§230.405 of this chapter) or Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (§240.12b-2 of this chapter)

Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Item 8.01. Other Events

On January 23, 2024, Leap Therapeutics, Inc. (the "Company") posted an updated corporate presentation on its website, www.leaptx.com. A copy of the presentation is filed as Exhibit 99.1 to this Current Report on Form 8-K and incorporated herein by reference. The information contained on, or that can be accessed from, the Company's website is not incorporated into, and does not constitute a part of, this Current Report on Form 8-K.

Item 9.01. Financial Statements and Exhibits.

(d) **Exhibits.**

Exhibit Number	Description
<u>99.1</u> 104	<u>Leap Corporate Presentation</u> Cover Page Interactive Data File. (Embedded within the Inline XBRL document.)

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

LEAP THERAPEUTICS, INC.

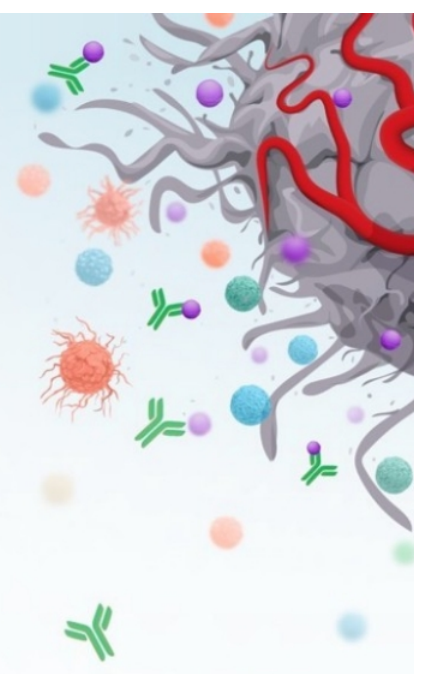
Dated: January 23, 2024

By: /s/ Douglas E. Onsi
Name: Douglas E. Onsi
Title: Chief Executive Officer and President

LEAP THERAPEUTICS

company presentation

January 23, 2024



Forward looking statements

This presentation contains forward-looking statements that involve substantial risks and uncertainties.

All statements, other than statements of historical facts, contained in this presentation, including statements regarding our strategy, future operations, clinical trials, collaborations and partnerships, future financial position, future revenues, projected costs, prospects, plans and objectives of management, are forward-looking statements within the meaning of U.S. securities laws. The words “anticipate,” “believe,” “estimate,” “expect,” “intend,” “may,” “plan,” “predict,” “project,” “target,” “potential,” “will,” “would,” “could,” “should,” “continue,” and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements, although not all forward-looking statements contain these identifying words.

Forward-looking statements are neither historical facts nor assurances of future performance. Instead, they are based only on our current beliefs, expectations and assumptions regarding the future of our business, future plans and strategies, projections, anticipated events and trends, the economy and other future conditions.

Because forward-looking statements relate to the future, they are subject to inherent uncertainties, risks and changes in circumstances that are difficult to predict and many of which are outside of our control. We may not actually achieve the plans, intentions or expectations disclosed in our forward-looking statements, and you should not place undue reliance on our forward-looking statements. Actual results or events could differ materially from the plans, intentions and expectations disclosed in the forward-looking statements we make. These and other risk factors are listed from time to time in reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission, including, but not limited to, our Annual Reports on Form 10-K and our Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q. We assume no obligation to update any forward-looking statements, except as required by applicable law.

This presentation does not constitute an offer to sell, or the solicitation of an offer to buy, any securities.

Developing biomarker-targeted antibody therapies for cancer patients



Two clinical stage antibody programs –
DKN-01 targeting DKK1
FL-301 targeting CLDN18.2



Upcoming multiple milestones from two randomized clinical trials

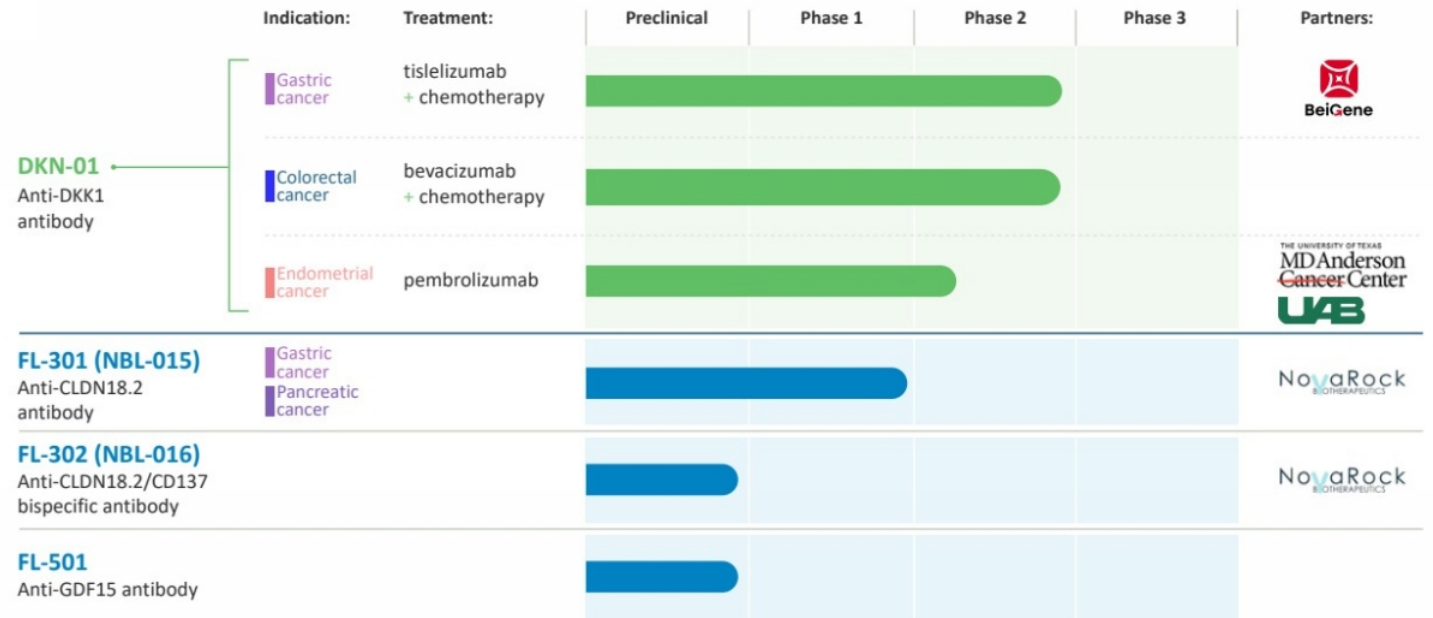


Biomarker strategy, focus on GI cancers



Cash runway to Q2 2025 with \$70M at December 31, 2023

Pipeline



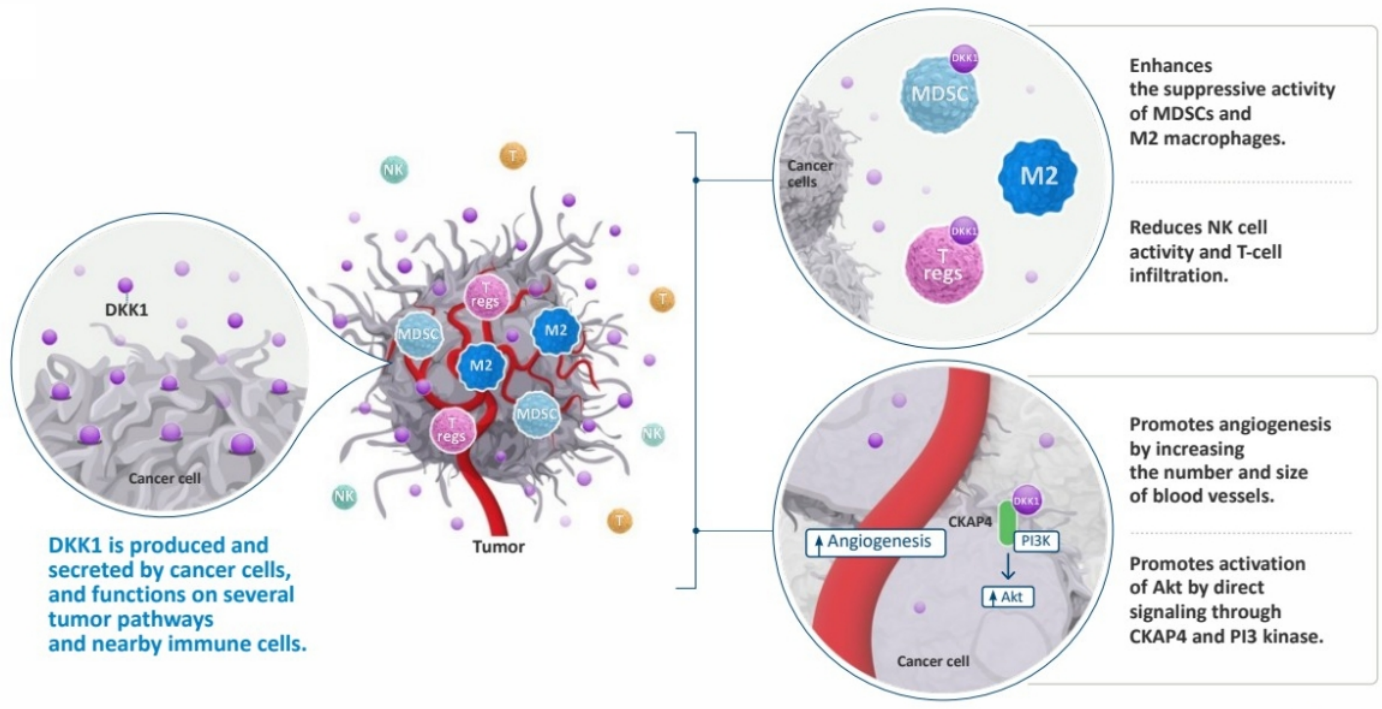
DKN-01

Anti-DKK1 monoclonal antibody

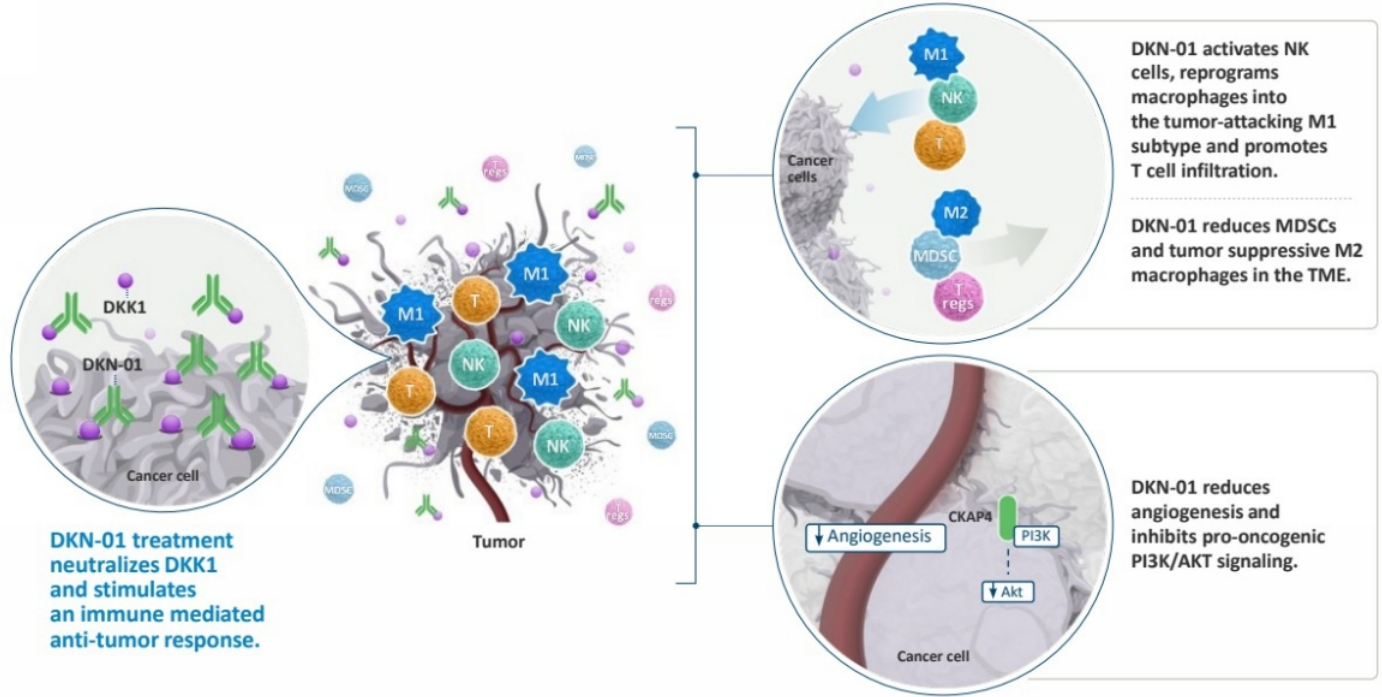


 leaptherapeutics

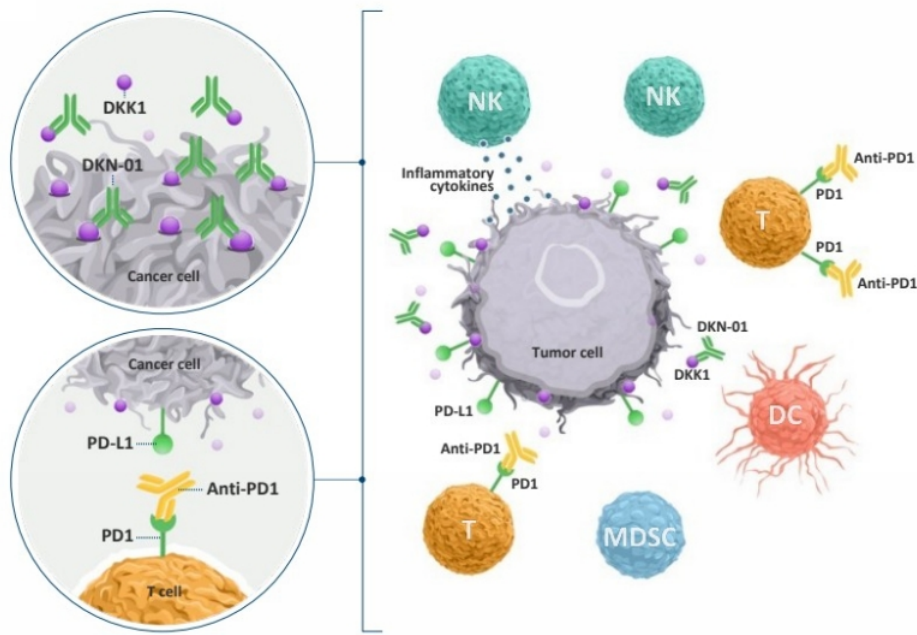
The role of DKK1 in cancer



Activity of DKN-01 to treat cancer



DKN-01 and anti-PD-1 cooperativity



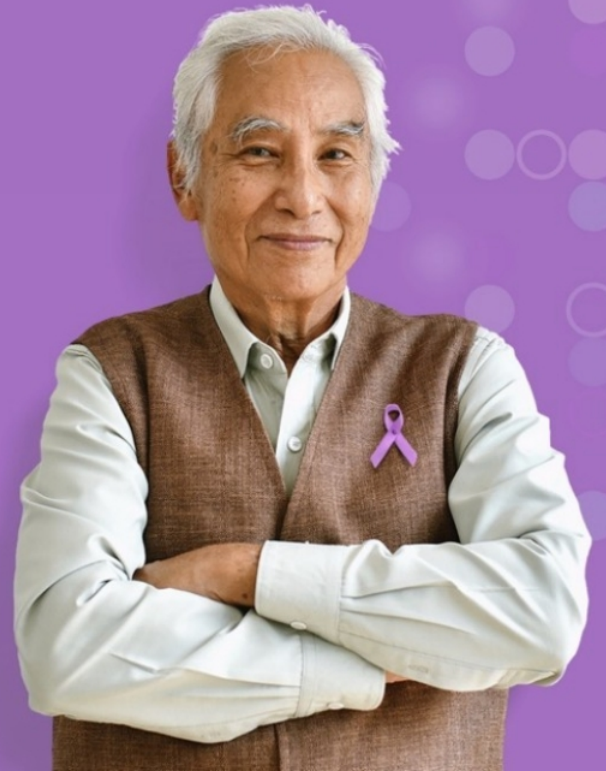
DKN-01 targets innate immunity by activating NK cells, reprogramming Macrophages and inhibiting MDSCs, thus setting the stage for an enhanced adaptive immune response by anti-PD-1.

Promotes a pro-inflammatory M1 macrophage phenotype.

DKN-01 sensitizes tumors to anti-PD-1 therapies through upregulation of PD-L1.

DKN-01

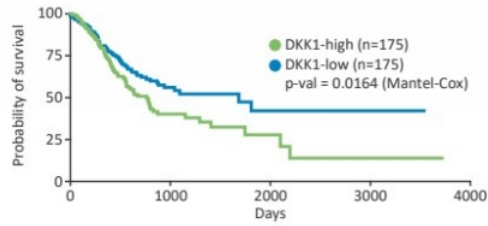
Gastric cancer development



DKK1-high levels are associated with poor survival in gastric cancer

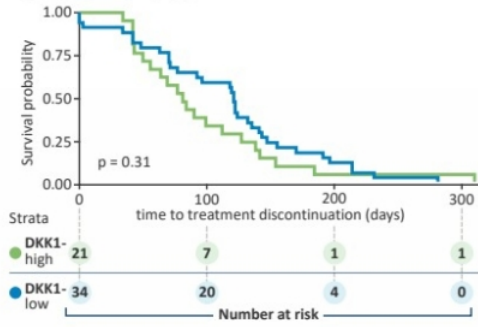
High levels of DKK1 correlate with shorter overall survival
In gastric cancer

TCGA STAD dataset



DKK1-high is associated with poor response to first-line platinum + fluoropyrimidine based therapies in GEJ/gastric cancer patients

Collaboration with Tempus



overall survival

DKK1-high patients



overall survival

DKK1-low patients

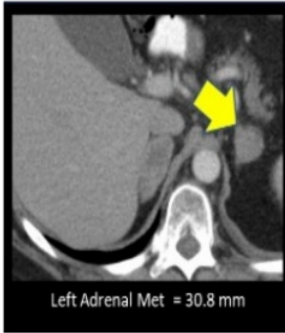
~2.5 years shorter OS in DKK1-high patients

leaptherapeutics

DKN-01 single agent activity in heavily pretreated esophagogastric cancer patients

2L+ EGC
DKN-01

On Study 1 Year, Reduction -33.9%
Failed Prior anti-PD-L1 + IDOi



Baseline



4-month scan

Best Overall Response
of 20 Evaluable Patients*

Partial Response	2
Stable Disease	6
Progressive Disease	12

2 Monotherapy PRs

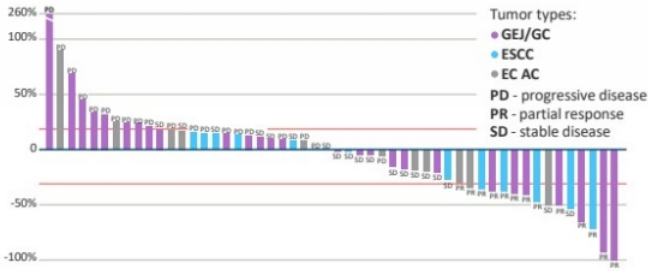
Clinical Benefit Rate
40%

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Clinical activity of DKN-01 plus paclitaxel or anti-PD-1 antibody

GEJ/GC
Historical data

DKN-01 + paclitaxel N=52
2L-8L esophagogastric pts



	Patients treated	Prior therapies	Overall response rate (ORR)	Disease control rate (DCR)
DKN-01 + paclitaxel	N=52	1-7	25%	60%

Strong broad activity in esophagogastric cancer in heavily pretreated patients

	Patients treated	PFS (months)	OS (months)	Overall response rate (ORR)	Disease control rate (DCR)
DKN-01 + paclitaxel	N=15	4.5	12.7	46.7%	73.3%

ORR in 2L patients is ~47%

12

DKN-01 + pembro N=31
2L+ GEJ/GC pts



location	Total (n)	PFS (mo)	OS (mo)	RE (n)	PR (n)	SD (n)	PD (n)	NE (n)	Overall response rate (ORR)	Disease control rate (DCR)
● DKK1-high	n=11	5.1	7.3	10	5	3	2	1	5 (50%)	8 (80%)
● DKK1-low	n=20	1.4	4	15	0	3	12	5	0 (0%)	3 (20%)

*DKK1-high ≥ upper tertile (35)

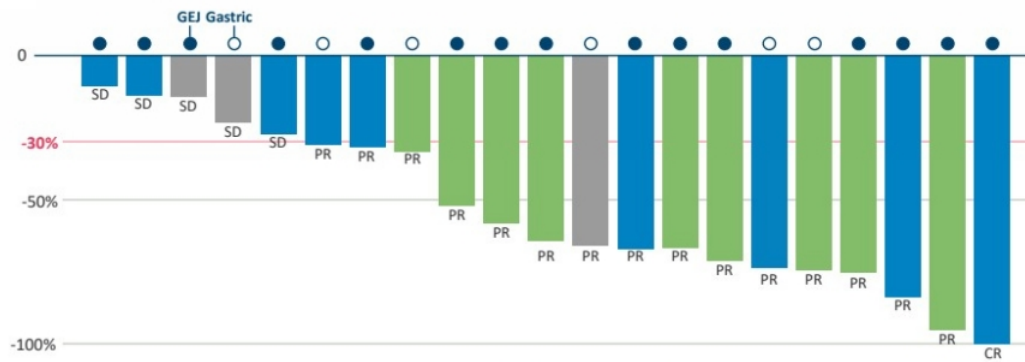
Achieved improved ORR, PFS, and OS in DKK1-high patients
Identified H-score threshold for DKK1 high/low expression



Response by DKK1 expression in first-line patients

1L GEJ/GC
 DKN-01
 + tislelizumab
 + chemotherapy

Best % change in sum of diameters



	mITT* population N=22	DKK1-high N=10	DKK1-low N=9	DKK1-unknown N=3	
CR - complete response	1 (5%)	0	1 (11%)	0	All 9 of the evaluable DKK1-high patients had a partial response
PR - partial response	15 (68%)	9 (90%)	5 (56%)	1 (33%)	
SD - stable disease	5 (23%)	0	3 (33%)	2 (67%)	1 PR went to curative surgery with pathological CR
PD - progressive disease	0	0	0	0	
NE - non-evaluable	1 (5%)	1 (10%)	0	0	

73%
 ORR
 in the mITT
 Population
 (1 CR; 15 PR)

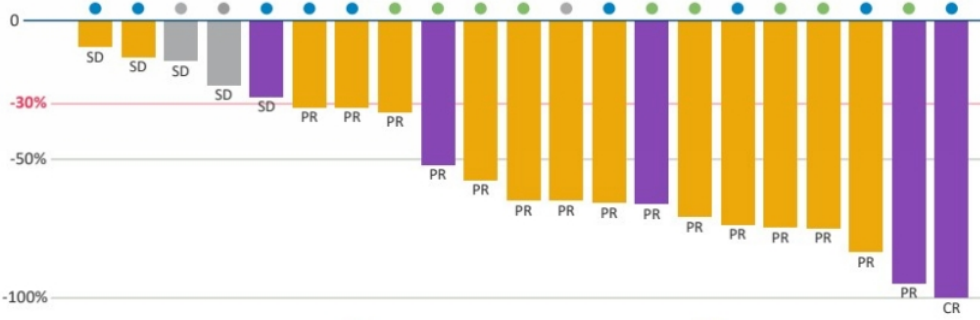


13 *mITT population includes all patients who received > 1 dose of DKN-01
 As presented at ASCO 2023

Response by PD-L1 expression

1L GEJ/GC
 DKN-01
 + tislelizumab
 + chemotherapy

Best % change in sum of diameters



	PD-L1 ≥ 5 CPS		PD-L1 < 5 CPS		
	DKK1-high N=4	DKK1-low N=2	DKK1-high N=6	DKK1-low N=7	DKK1-unknown N=1
CR - complete response		1 (50%)			
PR - partial response	3 (75%)	0	6 (100%)	5 (71%)*	1 (100%)
SD - stable disease	0	1 (50%)	0	2 (29%)	0
PD - progressive disease	0	0	0	0	0
NE - non-evaluable	1 (25%)	0	0	0	0
	N=6 67% ORR		N=14 86% ORR		

86%
 ORR in PD-L1
 low patients

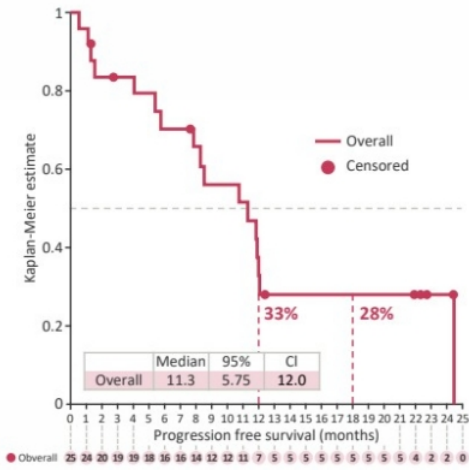


vCPS: visually-estimated combined positive score; PD-L1: programmed death-ligand 1
 *Includes one pathologic CR
 As presented at ASCO 2023

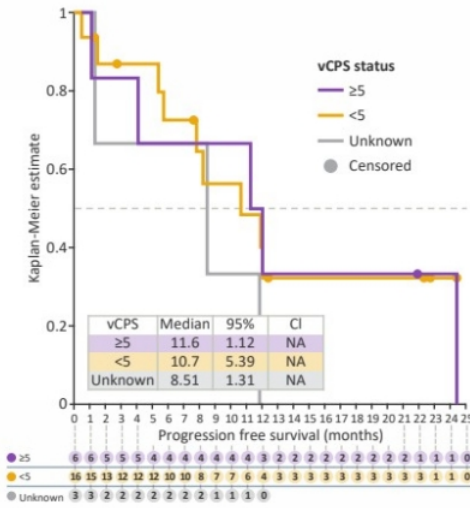
Progression-free survival

1L GEJ/GC
DKN-01
 + tislelizumab
 + chemotherapy

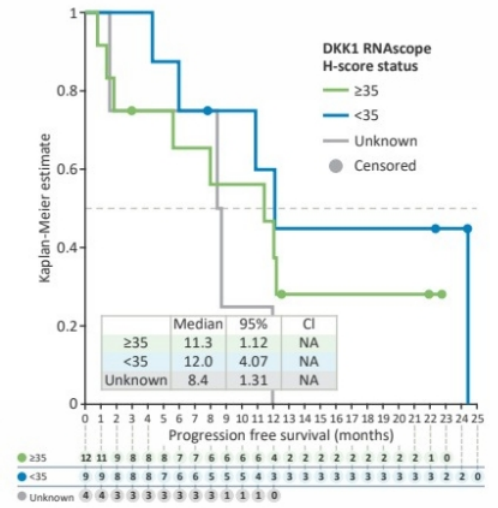
Overall Population



By PD-L1 Expression



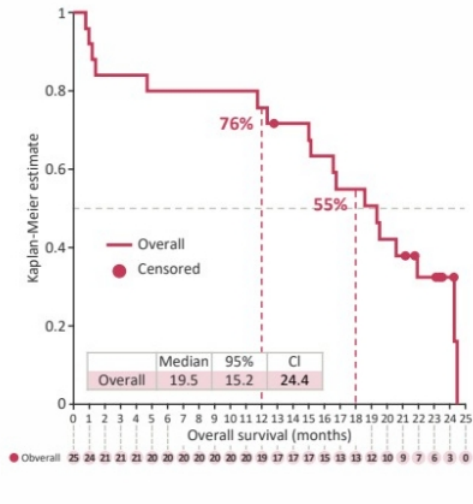
By DKK1 Expression



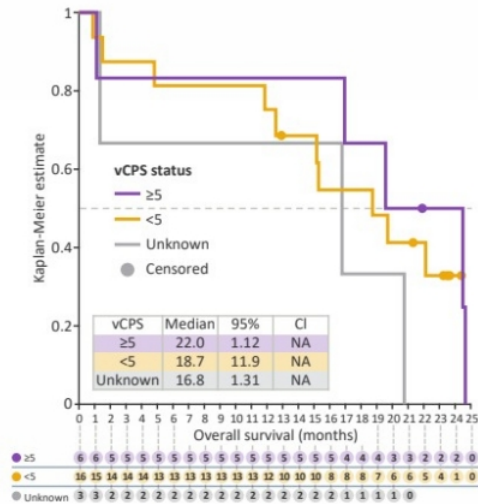
Overall survival

1L GEJ/GC
DKN-01
 + tislelizumab
 + chemotherapy

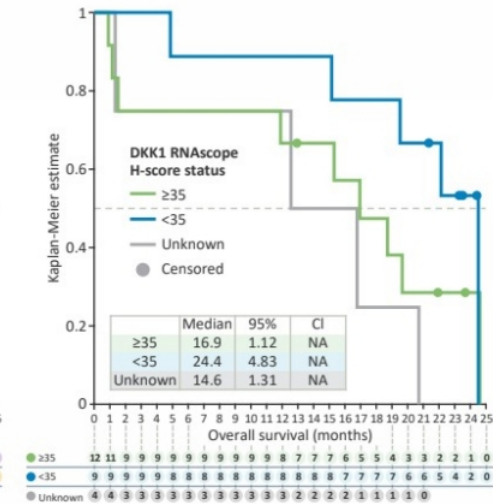
Overall Population



By PD-L1 Expression



By DKK1 Expression

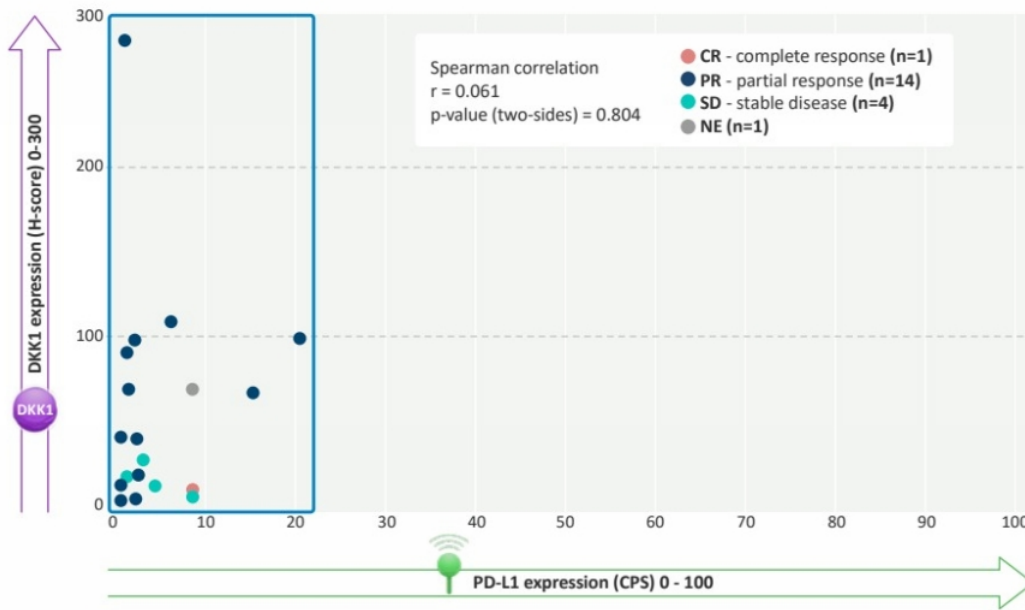


15 DKK1-high: H-score ≥35; | DKK1-low: H-score <35 | PD-L1: Programmed Death-Ligand 1 | vCPS: Visually-Estimated Combined Positive Score
 As presented at ASCO 2023



DKK1 and PD-L1 expression are not correlated

1L GEJ/GC
DKN-01
+ tislelizumab
+ chemotherapy



This population had low overall PD-L1 expression

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Competitive benchmarks for anti-PD-1 + chemotherapy in 1L GEJ/GC patients

1L GEJ/GC
DKN-01
+ tislelizumab
+ chemotherapy

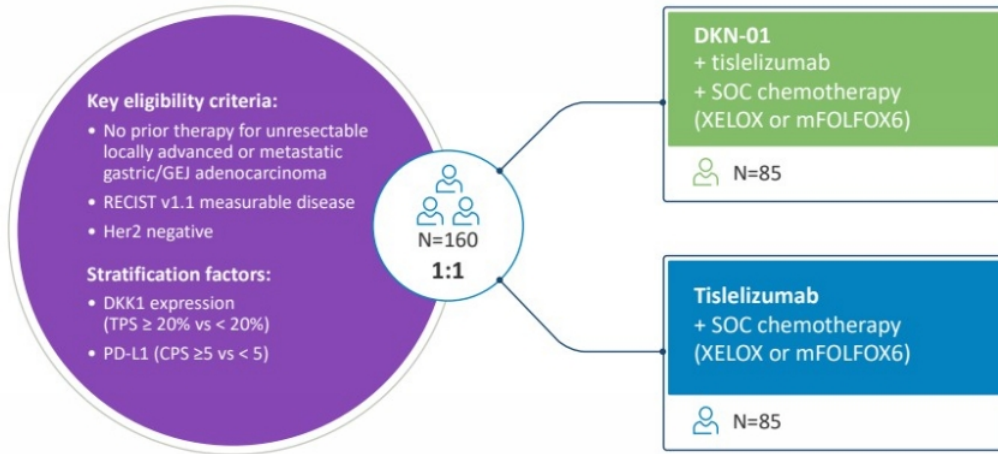


PD-1
antibodies plus
chemotherapy

	Nivolumab		Tislelizumab		Pembrolizumab
	Checkmate-649 (All) N=789	Checkmate-649 PD-L1 ↑ CPS ≥ 5 N=473	Rationale-305 (All) N=501	Rationale-305 PD-L1 ↑ CPS ≥ 5 N=274	Keynote-859 (All) N=790
OS months (95% CI)	13.7 (12.4, 14.5)	14.4 (13.1, 16.2)	15.0 (13.6, 16.5)	16.4 (13.6, 19.1)	12.9 (11.9, 14.0)
DOR months (95% CI)	8.5 (7.7, 9.9)	9.6 (8.2, 12.4)	8.6 (7.9, 11.1)	9.0 (8.2, 19.4)	8.0 (7.0, 9.7)
PFS months (95% CI)	7.7 (7.1, 8.6)	8.3 (7.0, 9.3)	6.9 (5.7, 7.2)	7.2 (5.8, 8.4)	6.9 (6.3, 7.2)
ORR (%) (95% CI)	47% (43%, 50%)	50% (46%, 55%)	47.3% (42.9%, 51.8%)	50.4% (44.3%, 56.4%)	51.3% (47.7%, 54.8%)

DisTinGuish Part C randomized study

1L GEJ/GC
DKN-01
+ tislelizumab
+ chemotherapy



✔ **Primary objective:**
PFS, DKK-high and all

✔ **Secondary objectives:**
– OS, DKK1-high and all
– ORR, DKK1-high and all

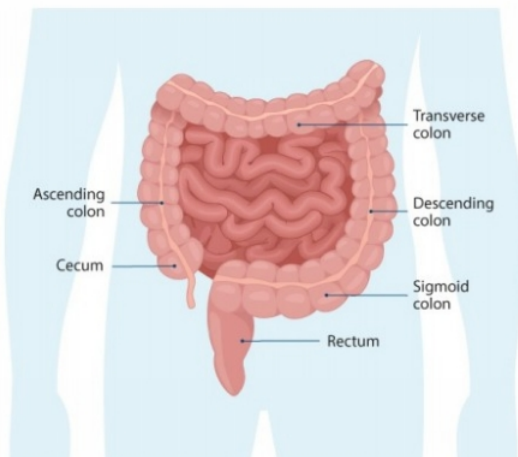
DKN-01

Colorectal cancer development



Rationale for targeting colorectal cancer with DKN-01

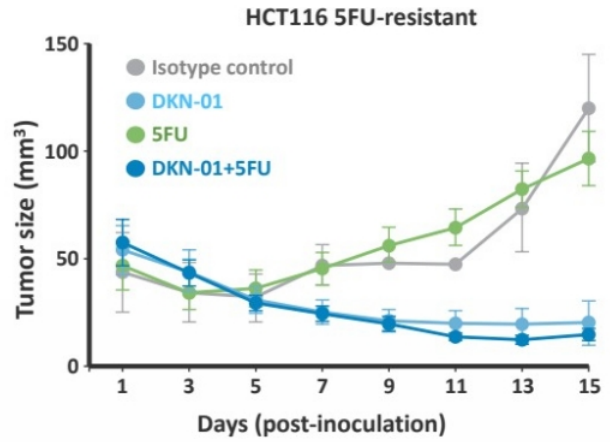
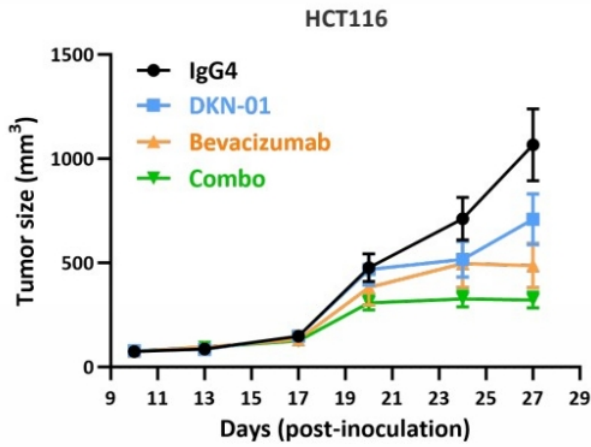
DKK1 expression is the highest in metastatic rectum



- CRC is characterized by hyperactivation of the Wnt pathway, often believed to be the initiating and driving event
 - Consensus Molecular Subtype 2 primarily in left-sided tumors
- DKK1 highest in metastatic rectum
- DKK1 drives resistance to 5FU chemotherapy
- Preclinically DKN-01 treatment:
 - Shows additive activity with 5FU and is able to overcome 5FU-resistance
 - Has activity alone and with an anti-VEGF antibody

DKN-01 has activity in CRC models in combination with bevacizumab or 5FU

- DKN-01 has efficacy in CRC syngeneic models including HCT116
- Additive activity was seen with bevacizumab
- In a 5FU chemotherapy-resistant model, DKN-01 demonstrates significant inhibition of tumor growth alone and with 5FU

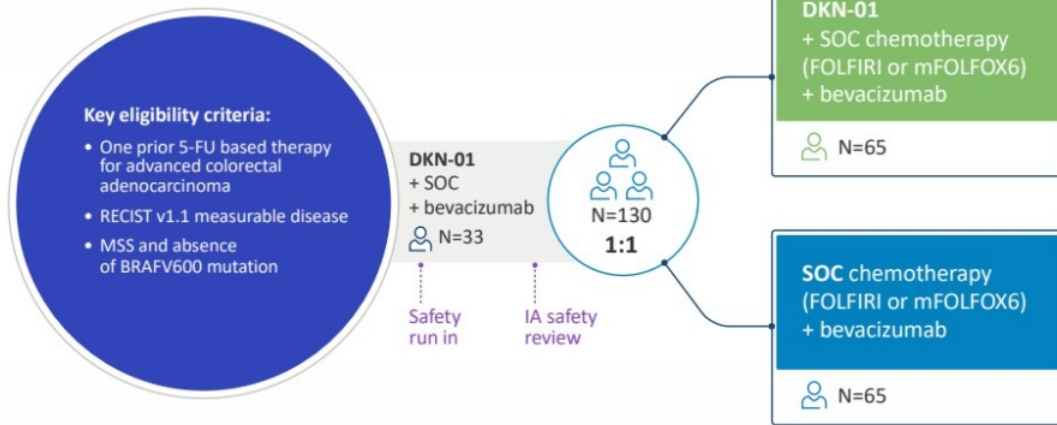


Data courtesy of Goel Lab at City of Hope Cancer Center

DeFianCe study design: advanced colorectal cancer

2L CRC
DKN-01
+ bevacizumab
+ chemotherapy

Randomized phase 2 study of FOLFIRI/FOLFOX and bevacizumab +/- DKN-01 as second-line treatment of advanced colorectal cancer

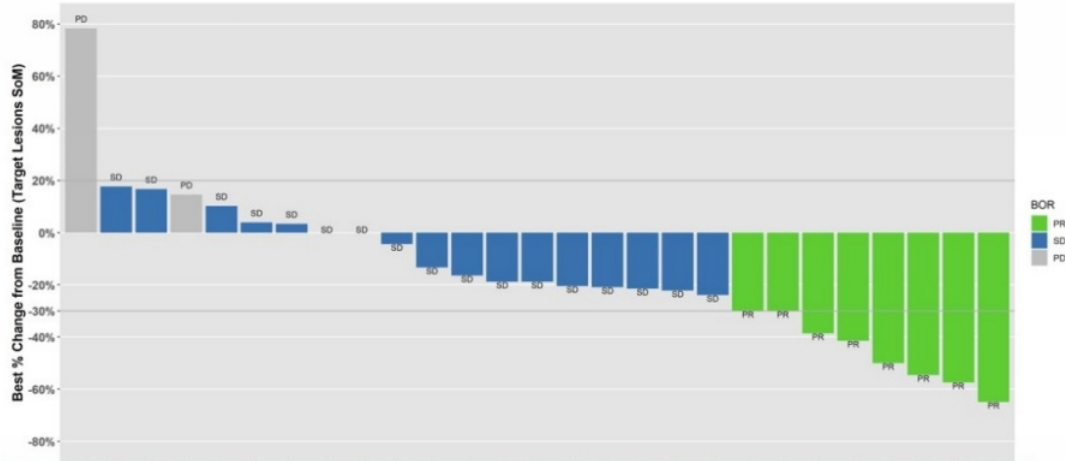


✓ **Primary objective:**
PFS

✓ **Secondary objectives:**

- ORR
- DoR
- OS

Overall response rate exceeded 20% target with high disease control rate



	Objective Response Rate (%)	Disease Control Rate (%)	Partial Response n (%)	Stable Disease n (%)	Progressive Disease n (%)
Overall, n=27	30	93	8 (30)	17 (63)	2 (8)

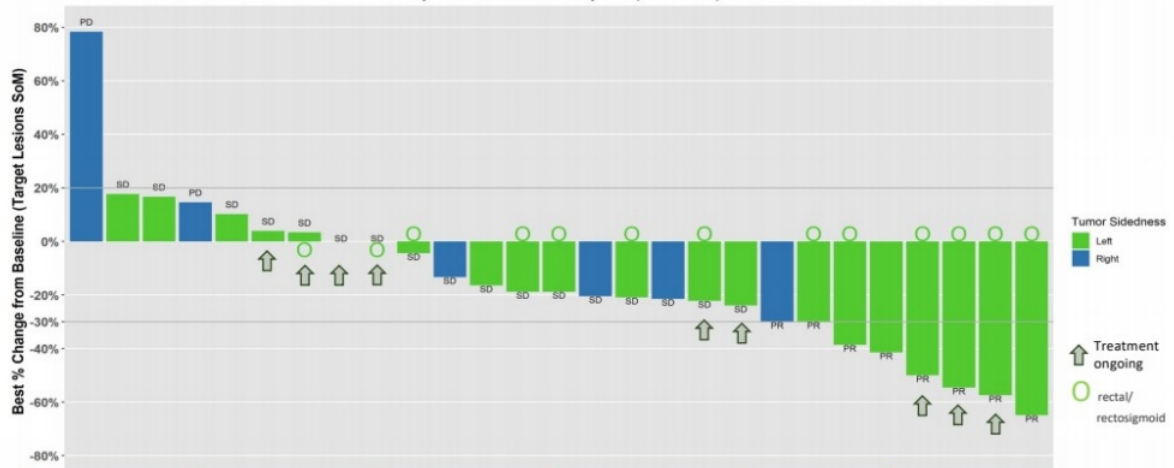
ORR in RE patients
8/27 = 30%

DCR in RE patients
25/27 = 93%



Greater activity in left-sided tumors subgroup

- 9 patients who remain on study therapy are left-sided, 6 of whom are rectal/rectosigmoid patients

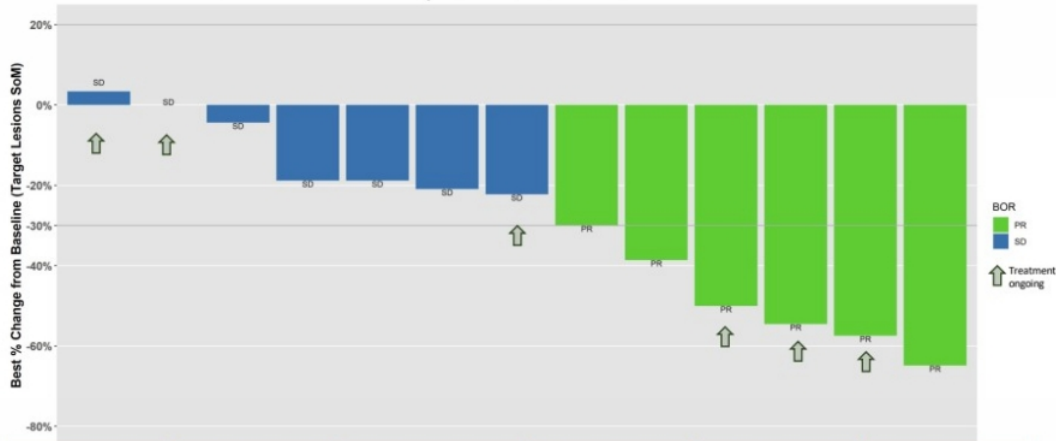


Overall, n=27	Objective Response Rate (%)	Disease Control Rate (%)	Partial Response n (%)	Stable Disease n (%)	Progressive Disease n (%)
Left (n=21)	33	100	7 (33)	14 (67)	0 (0)
Right (n=6)	17	67	1 (17)	3 (50)	2 (33)

25

As presented at ASCO GI 2024

Enriched responses in rectal/rectosigmoid cancer patients



6 of the 8 responding patients were in the rectal/rectosigmoid subgroup

ORR RE: 46%

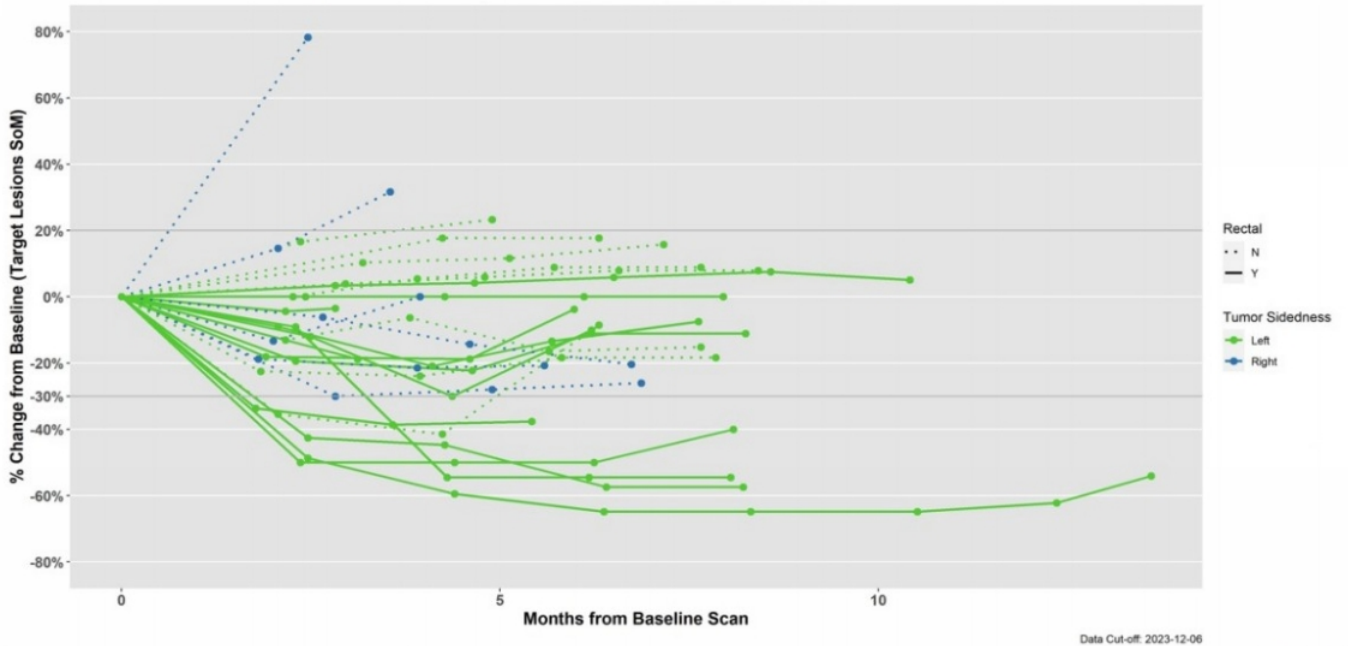
6 patients continue on therapy

Overall, n=13	Objective Response Rate (%)	Disease Control Rate (%)	Partial Response n (%)	Stable Disease n (%)	Progressive Disease n (%)
Rectal	46	100	6 (46)	7 (54)	0 (0)

26 As presented at ASCO GI 2024



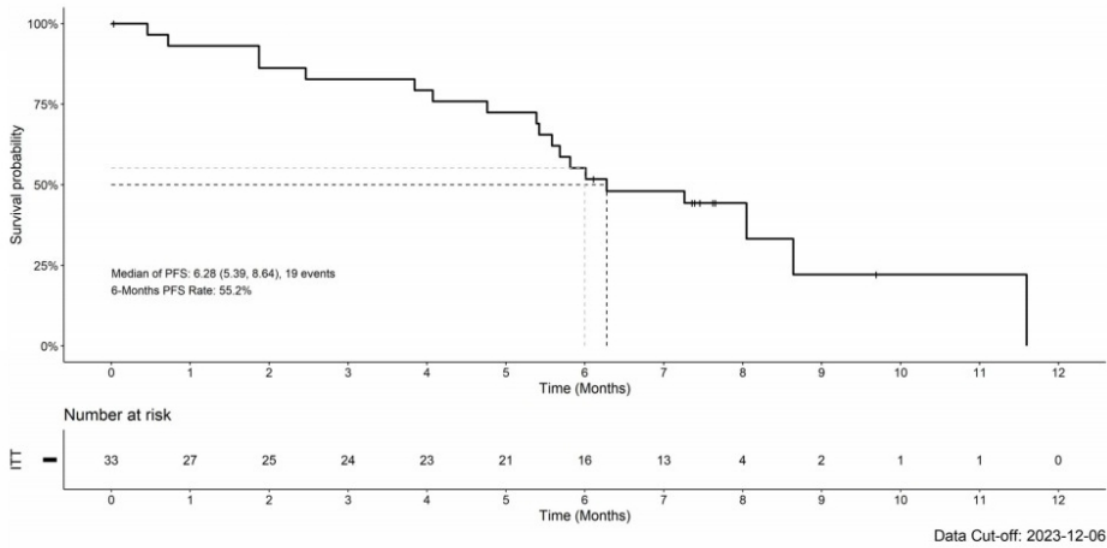
Duration of clinical benefit Tumor sidedness subgroup



Data Cut-off: 2023-12-06

Progression-free survival

- Heterogeneous population included many unfavorable subgroups
- 9 patients remain on therapy at a minimum of 8.5 months on therapy



28

As presented at ASCO GI 2024

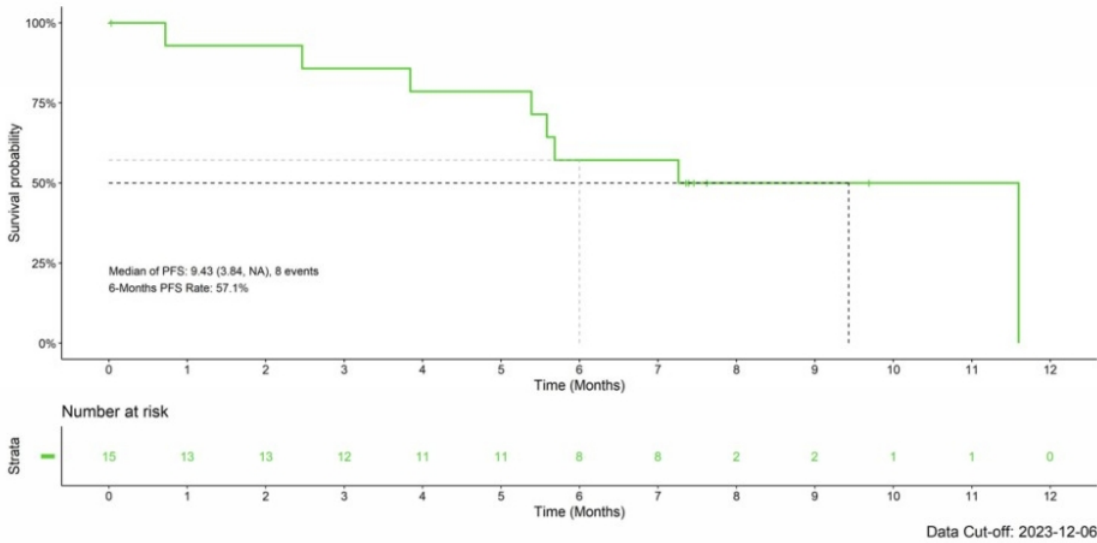
Median PFS:
6.3 months

6-month PFS rate:
55.2%

 leaptherapeutics

PFS still maturing with 6 patients continuing on therapy

Rectal/rectosigmoid cancer subgroup

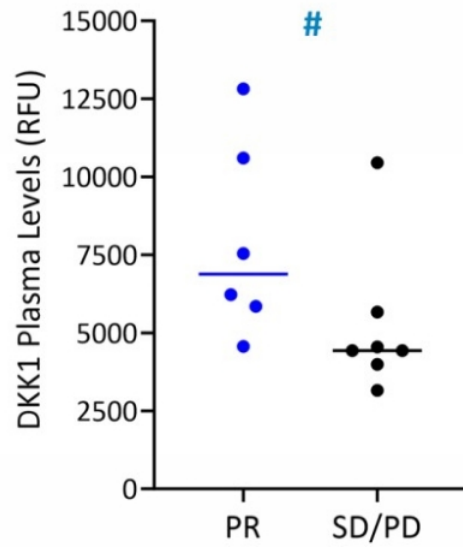


Preliminary median
PFS: 9.4 months

6-month PFS rate:
57.1%



Higher baseline plasma DKK1 correlates with improved responses in rectal/rectosigmoid cancers



Baseline circulating DKK1 from rectal cancer patients demonstrates higher expression in partial responders (n=6) as compared to stable disease or progressive disease patients (n=7). DKK1 plasma levels were analyzed using the SomaScan platform (SomaLogic; Boulder, CO). Data shown as median plasma values. #, P < 0.05 (Mann-Whitney test).

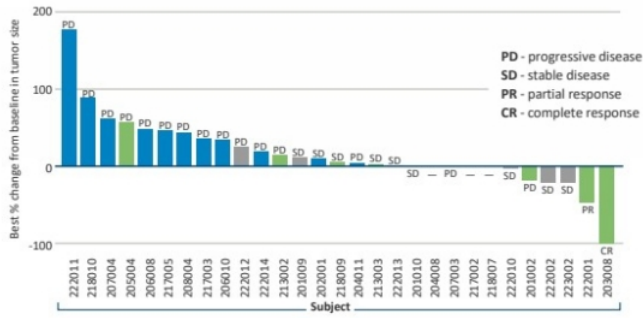
DKN-01

Endometrial cancer development



DKN-01 monotherapy - overall response by DKK1 tumoral expression

Overall response by DKK1 tumoral expression



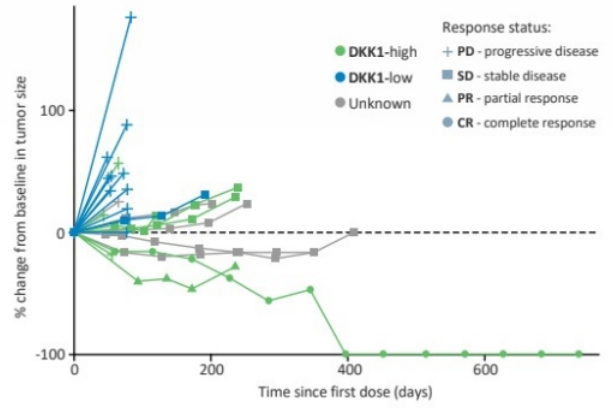
Status	Total	CR	PR	SD	PD	NE	ORR	DCR
DKK1-high (≥18)*	n=8	1	1	3	3	0	25%	63%
DKK1-low (<18)	n=15	0	0	1	11	3	0%	7%
Unknown	n=6	0	0	5	1	0	0%	83%

*H-score ≥ 18, upper tertile of overall study population

DKK1-high tumors have better ORR (25% vs. 0%) and clinical benefit (63% vs. 7%)

Patients with unknown DKK1 expression include 3 patients with durable SD and Wnt activating mutations

Durable clinical benefit in DKK1-high tumors



DKK1-high patients have longer progression-free survival (4.3 vs. 1.8 months [HR 0.26; 95 CI: 0.09, 0.75])

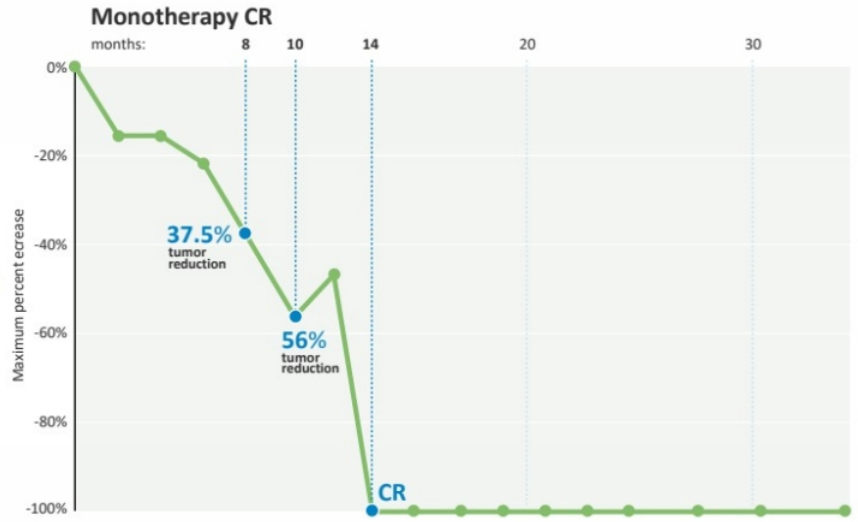
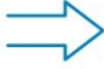
Complete response in endometrial cancer patient on DKN-01 monotherapy

2L+ EEC
DKN-01
monotherapy

- ✓ **Patient:**
60 yo female with recurrent endometrial cancer
- ✓ **Prior treatment:**
radiation and chemotherapy poorly tolerated (neuropathy and thrombocytopenia)
- ✓ **Baseline disease characteristics:**
MSI-H, TMB: 46.65
- ✓ **Genetics:**
ARID1A, PIK3CA; DKK1-high

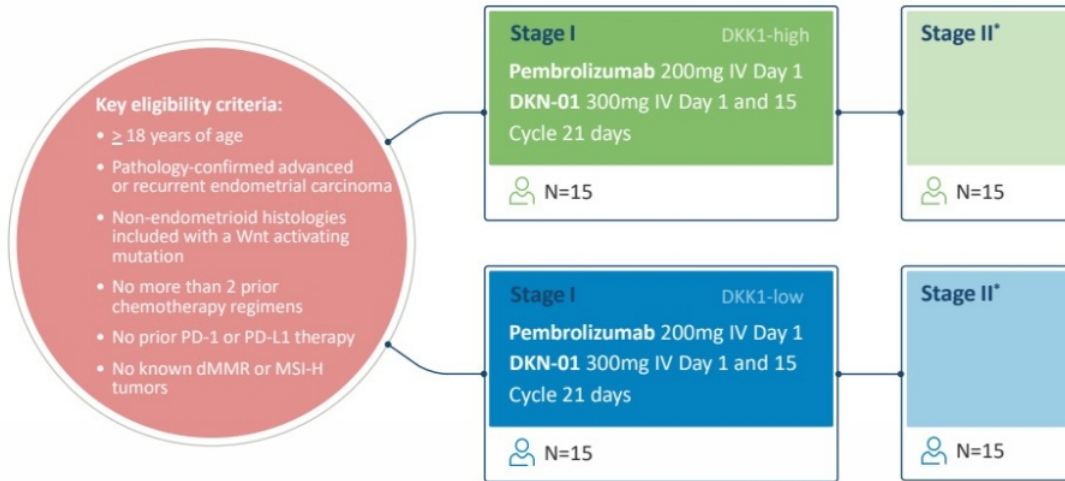
Treatment:
DKN-01 monotherapy

Enrolled in July 2018



DKN-01 plus pembrolizumab endometrial cancer study

2-3L EEC
DKN-01
+ pembrolizumab



Open-label, phase 2 trial,
 Bayesian optimal phase II design,
 Investigator-initiated study with pembrolizumab supplied by Merck.

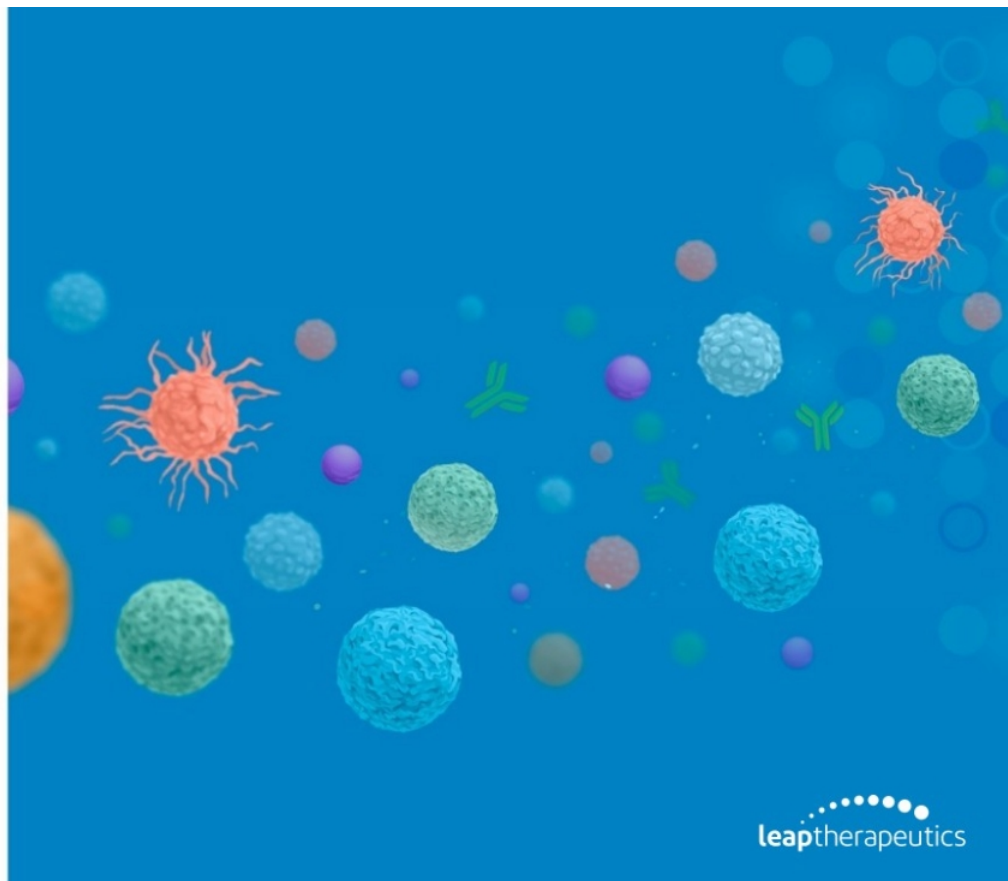
34 * Move to Stage II based on ORR in Stage I



- ✓ **Primary objective:**
Objective response rate (ORR)
- ✓ **Secondary objectives:**
Clinical benefit, PFS, OS, DOR

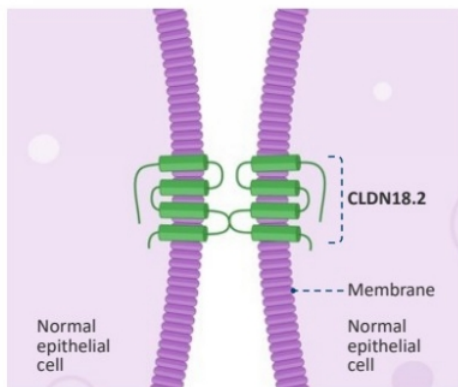
FL-301 (NBL-015)
FL-302 (NBL-016)

Anti-Claudin18.2
antibodies



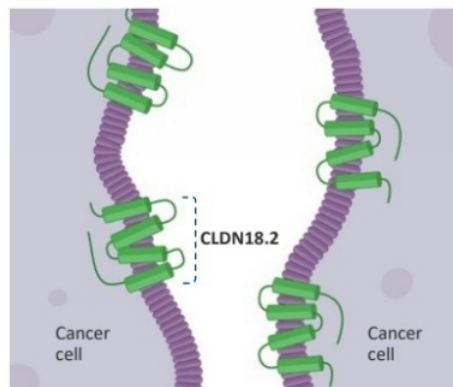
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The role of Claudin18.2



Normal epithelial cells

- Regulates barrier properties and contributes to cell-to-cell adhesion.
- Expression very limited in normal tissue.
- Typically buried in the tight junction complex of gastric mucosal cells.



Cancer cells

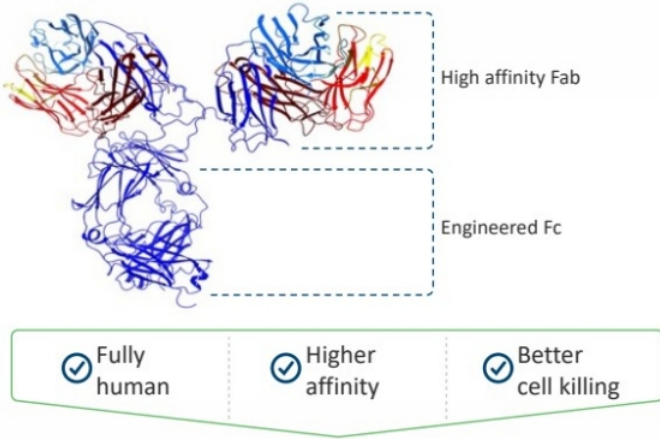
- In cancer, cells lose their polarity and structure.
- CLDN18.2 is overexpressed.
- CLDN18.2 may be exposed and accessible as a target for cancer therapy.

30-40%
of gastric cancer
patients have high
Claudin18.2
expression

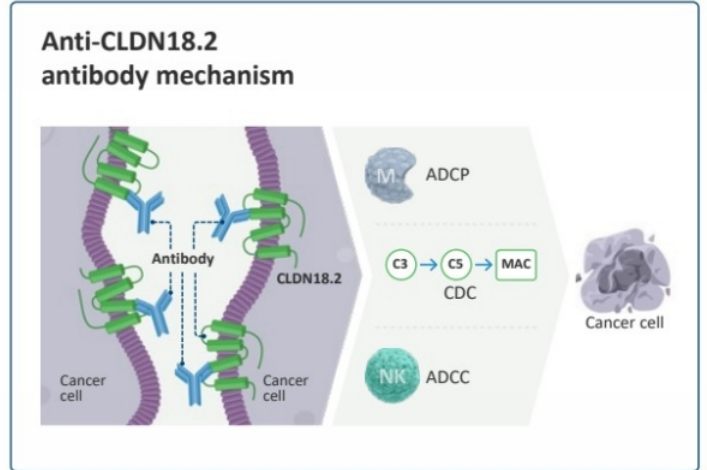
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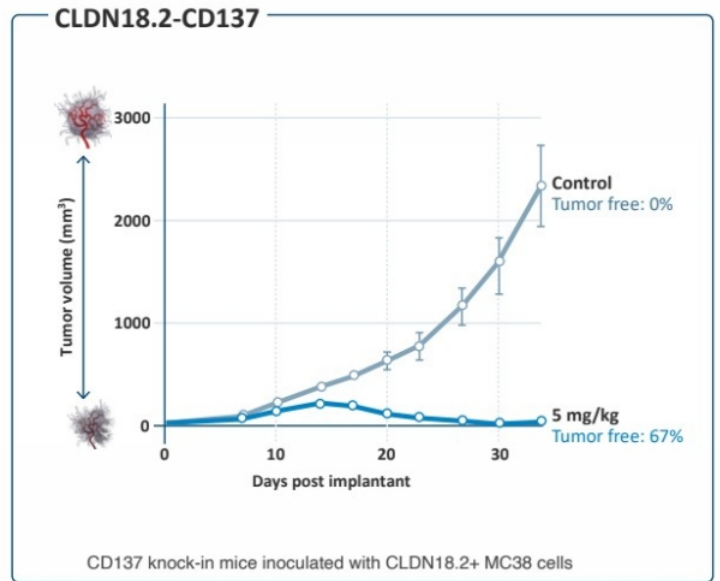
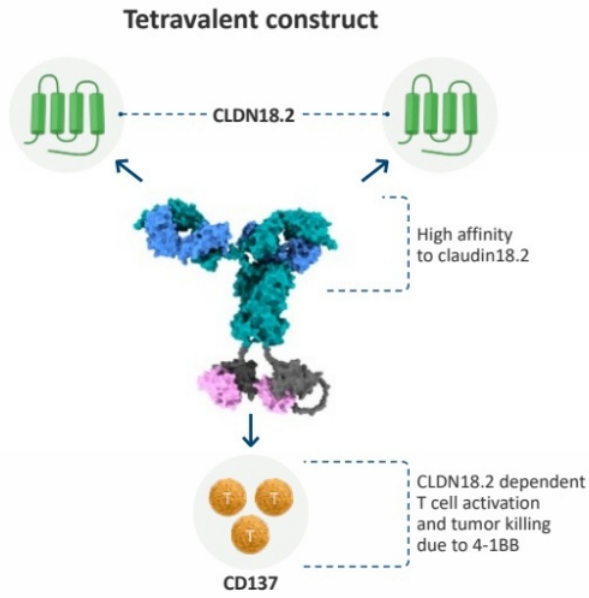
FL-301 (NBL-015) is a potential best-in-class anti-Claudin18.2 antibody with enhanced tumor killing efficacy

FL-301
CLDN18.2



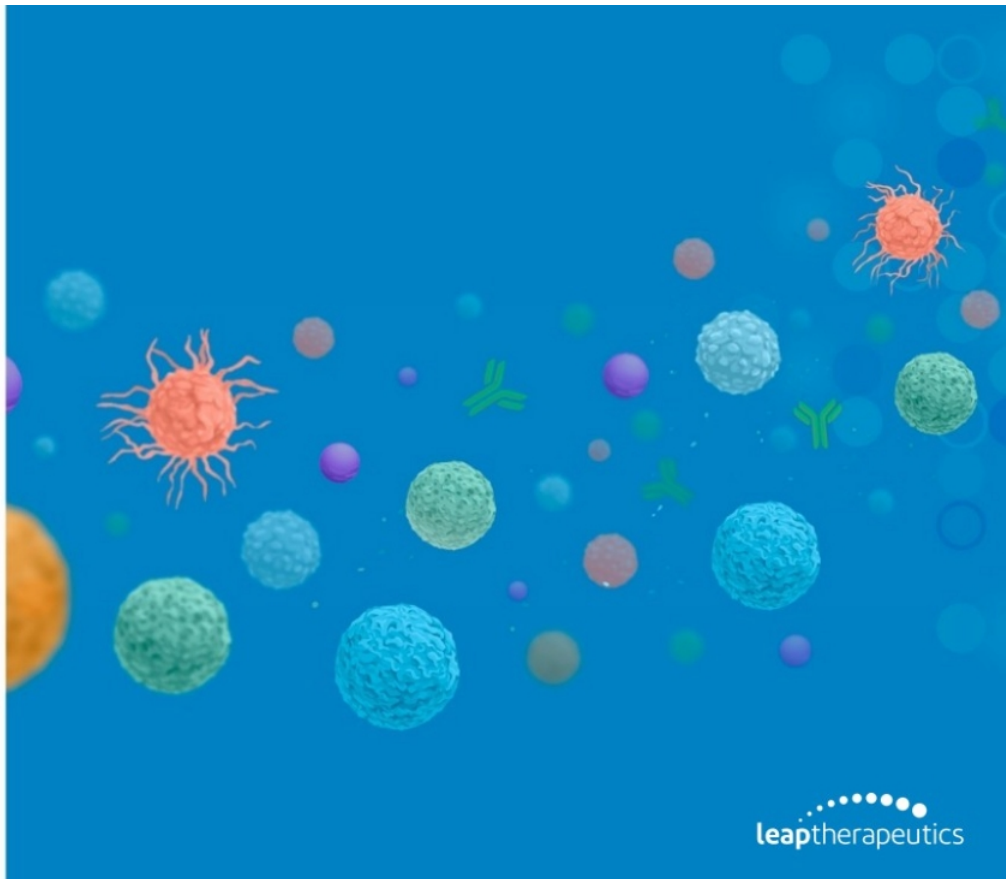
Efficacy could extend to patients with lower CLDN18.2 expression that other currently used anti-CLDN18.2 antibodies.





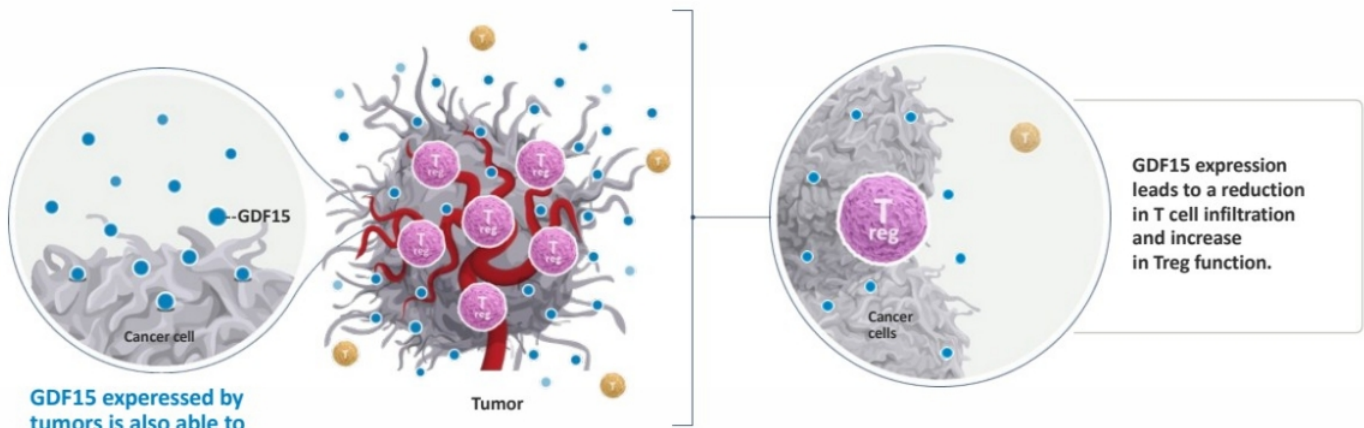
FL-501

Anti-GDF15 monoclonal antibody



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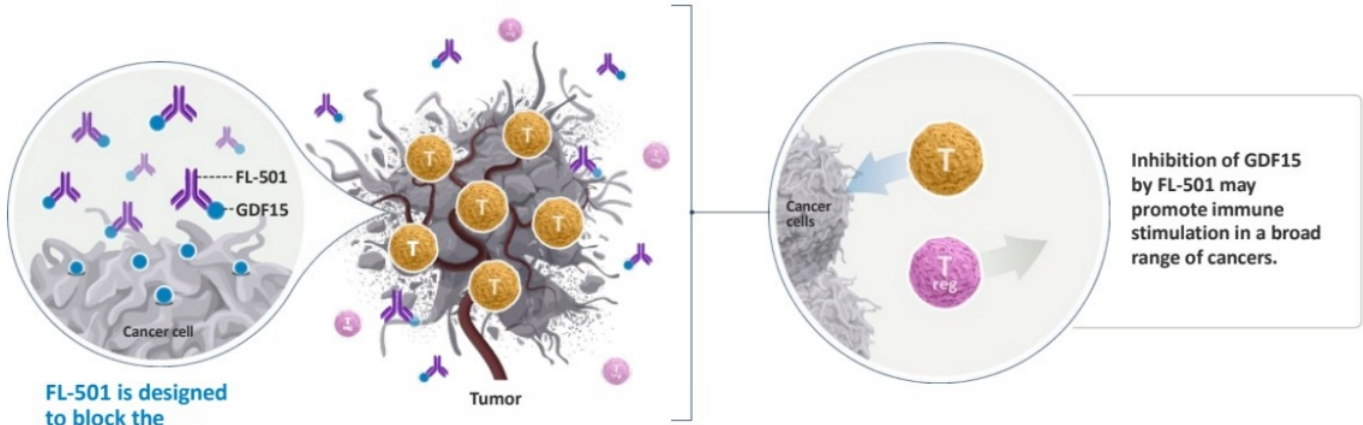
The role of GDF15 in cancer



GDF15 expressed by tumors is also able to drive cancer progression by promoting an immunosuppressive tumor microenvironment.

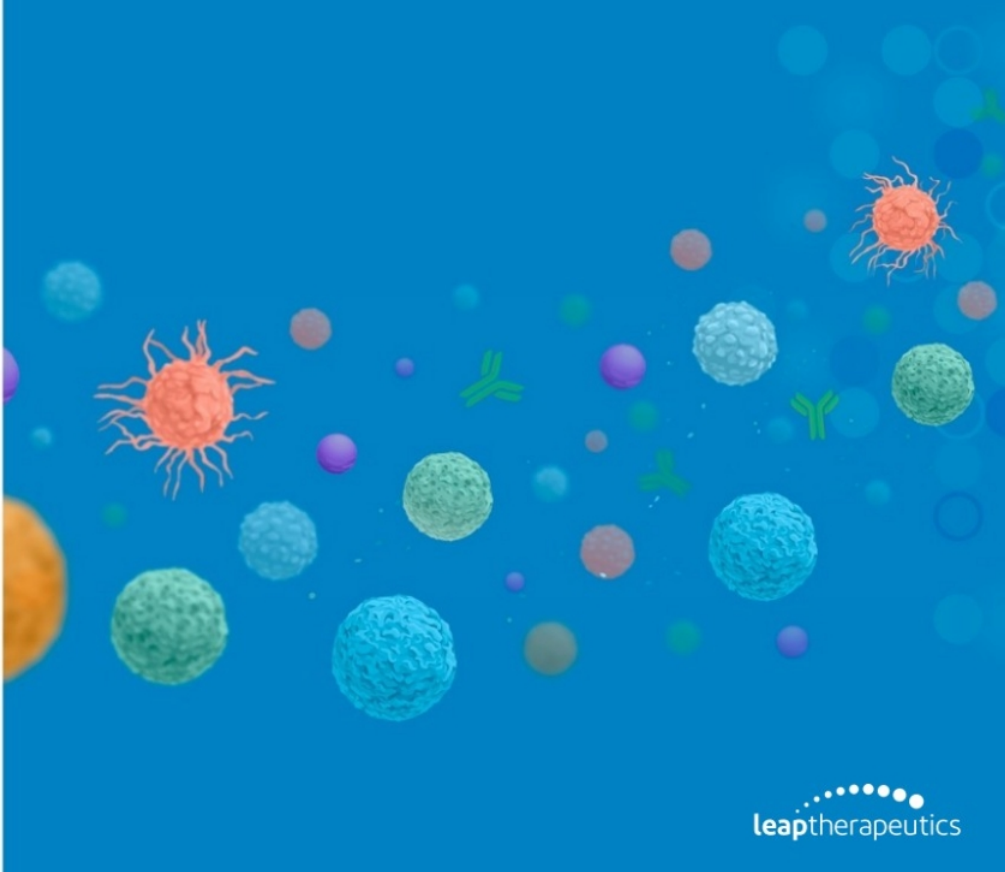
GDF15 expression leads to a reduction in T cell infiltration and increase in Treg function.

FL-501 mechanism of action



FL-501 is designed to block the immune inhibitory activity of GDF15.

CORPORATE



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DKN-01 clinical milestones

